THE
Caledonian Mercury.

No. 9465. EDINBURGH, SATURDAY, April 27, 1782.

THEATRE-ROYAL.

For the Benefit of

THE EDINBURGH DISPENSARY,

On MONDAY Evening, April 29th, will be presented, the Comedy

OF

THE BELLES STRATAGEM.

Doricourt, Mr WARD.

Sir George Touchwood, Mr Williamson; Flutter, Mr Knight; Saville, Mr Banks; Courtall, Mr Hallion; Villers, Mr Taylor; Mountebank, Mr T. Banks; Dick, Mr Charteris; Gibson, Mr Simpson;

And Hardy, Mr HOLLINGSWORTH.

Lady Frances Touchwood, Mrs WARD.

Mrs Racket, Mrs Kniveton; Miss Ogle, Mrs Woods; Kitty Willis, Mrs Mountfort;

And Letitia Hardy (with Songs) Mrs JACKSON.

IN THE FOURTH ACT,

A GRAND MASQUERADE SCENE,

With new Dresses and Decorations.

In which will be introduced,

The Trio, from the Critic.

To which will be added, the Burletta of

MIDAS.

Midas, Mr HOLLINGSWORTH;

Sileno, Mr Charteris; Pan, Mr Hallion; Dametas, Mr Tannet; Jupiter, Mr Taylor;

And Apollo, Mr MARSHALL.

Nysa, Miss KIRBY;

Mysis, Mrs Charteris;—Juno, Mrs Mountfort;

And Daphne, Mrs JACKSON.

Before the Play, an ADDRESS on CHARITY, by Mr JACKSON.

Tickets to be had of Mr Gordon, Bookseller, Parliament Square, and of Mr Gibb at the Office of the Theatre, where places for the Boxes may be taken.

Mr WILLIAMSON's Night.

On WEDNESDAY Evening, May 1. 1782, will be presented, A Comedy called, The

CONSTANT COUPLE;

OR, A

TRIP TO THE JUBILEE.

Sir Harry Wildair, Mrs BULKLEY,

(Being her first appearance in that character.)

Colonel Standard, Mr Williamson; Young Clincher, Mr Johnson; Vizard, Mr Taylor; Alderman Smuggler, Mr Hollingsworth; Tom Errand, Mr T. Banks; Jubilee Dickie, Mr Charteris; Constable, Mr Simpson;

And Beau Clincher, Mr WARD.

(Being his first appearance in that character.)

Angelica, Mrs WOODS;

Lady Darling, Mrs Charteris; Parly, Mrs Henderson;

And Lady Lurewell, Mrs WARD.

Between the Play and the Farce will be presented, an

INTERLUDE,

As will be expressed in future bills.

To which will be added a Farce, written by the late Samuel Foot, Esq; called,

THE AUTHOR.

Young Cape, Mr WOODS;

Governor Cape, Mr Mountfort; Sprightly, Mr Taylor; Robin, Mr Charteris; Printer's Devil, Mr T. Banks; Poet, Mr Knight;

And Cadwallader, Mr HOLLINGSWORTH.

Arabella, Mrs WOODS;

And Mrs Cadwallader, Mrs BULKLEY.

Tickets and Places for the Boxes to be had of Mr Gibb, at the Office of the Theatre; and of Mr Williamson, at Mr M'Intyre's, St David's Lane.

TOY-SHOP,

Next Door to the Entry of the Exchange, Edinburgh.

ROBERT JOHNSTON has received a new assortment of the following, amongst many other Goods, which he is resolved to sell on the very lowest terms, viz.

Great choice of Buckles, new patterns.

Tea Vases and Tea Trays.——Plated Candlesticks, new fashion.

Some neat Pinchbeck Watches, warranted good,

A complete assortment of Cypher'd Seals.

Some neat new Watch Strings, both for Ladies and Gentlemen.

A large assortment of Umbrellas, both silk and linen.

Fashionable plated Spurs.

A large assortment of Table Knives and Forks, and Mahogany Cases for ditto.

Military Guns and Bayonets.

With a great variety of other goods, just come home.

NURSERY---DALKEITH.

WILLIAM SHIELLS has just now a large quantity of transplanted Scots Firs, of a fine stout growth, three years old, which he sells at 7 s. 6 d. per 1200: And, as this is the proper time for planting these Evergreens, he has also all other kinds of Firs, particularly a great number of Spruce Firs, of different sizes, on the most reasonable terms.——Also is now raising a great number of the real long-leaved Tobacco Plants, both of the Oroonoko and St James's River sorts, and will be ready against the season for planting out at 1 s. 4 d. per 120. If a quantity is taken, they will be afforded lower.

SILK-GAUZE MANUFACTORY.

JAMES BEATSON and CO. Silk-Gauze Manufacturers, Potter-row, Edinburgh, take this opportunity of thanking the Public and their Friends for their past favours, and hope their diligence and attention to business will secure the continuance of their future custom.

They have presently on hand an elegant assortment of Gauzes, all of the newest and most fashionable patterns, which they propose selling on the very lowest terms, in wholesale and retail

As they shall always endeavour to have by them a great variety of Gauzes suited to the seasons, they flatter themselves that the superior quality of their goods, and the reasonableness of their terms, will give entire satisfaction to all their employers.

N. B. Commissions from the country carefully and speedily executed.

EXCHEQUER CHAMBERS,

31st January 1782.

JOHN HALLYBURTON, late of Muirhouse-law, having applied to the Barons of Exchequer for a Gift of Bastardy of the Estate, Means, and Effects of the deceased WILLIAM DUNCANSON of Maxpople, in the county of Roxburgh,—The Barons are pleased to order this intimation to be made, for the information of all concerned.

By order of the Barons,

WILLM ANDERSON, D. K. R.

FORTH AND CLYDE NAVIGATION.

A QUARTERLY General Meeting of the Company of Proprietors of Forth and Clyde Navigation falls to be held within the Laigh Parliament-house here, on the 7th (being the first Tuesday) of May next, at eleven o'clock forenoon, in terms of act of Parliament.

It is requested of the Noblemen and Gentlemen Proprietors to attend, as many things occur which are frequently delayed on account of the smallness of the number of proprietors present.

DALES.

A Small Cargo just arrived from Norway, to be sold on very low terms.

Apply to James Anderson and Company, Leith.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

TO be SOLD by roup, on Tuesday first, the 30th of April, at Fountainbridge, in the house lately possessed by the deceased Mr David Spence,——Mr Dalgleish Auctioneer,——

ALL SORTS OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, viz.

Mounted beds, feather-beds, blankets, carpets, bed and table linen, some part of them quite new; Mahogany tables, chairs, drawers, sconce-glasses, chimney-grates, a good eight-day clock and jack, with all sorts of kitchen utensils.

The roup to begin at eleven o'clock, and to continue till all be sold off.——The standing furniture to be exposed the first day.

ROUP OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

At the House of NORTH COATS, one mile west of Edinburgh,

CONSISTING of Tables, Chairs, Commodes, Clothes Presses, and Chests of Drawers of various sorts, with other articles of Cabinet work, in mahogany and other woods, some of which are inlaid; Mirror Glasses, in plain and gilt frames; four post and tent Bedsteads, with Curtains and Bedding complete; Wilton Carpets; a handsome Table Clock; Steel Grates; a Jack, and a very complete assortment of Kitchen Utensils in Copper, &c.—Some Ornamental China and Figures after the real antique; several good Pictures and Prints; a parcel of blue China, and a set of straw coloured Queen's Ware for table service; some very elegant articles of the best Flint Glass; two Gerendoles; and a small Chanpelier and a Machine for distilling the artificial waters; some polished squares of the best Plate Glass, for mirrors or chaise windows; a very strong Cart Harness, and an Iron Roller for garden walks; together with various other articles too numerous for an advertisement.

N. B. The whole Furniture is London made, and lately brought from thence. The different articles the best of their kinds.

The roup to begin on Tuesday the [illegible] April instant, at ten o'clock forenoon, and to continue [illegible] is sold off.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

TO be SOLD, by roup, in Prince's Street, New Town, No. 18, on Thursday next, 2d May, by Mr Dalgleish auctioneer,

All Sorts of FURNITURE, viz. Mounted Beds, Feather Beds, Blankets, Carpets, Mahogany Tables, Chairs, Desks and Drawers, Grates and Glasses, a good Eight-day Clock, a Kitchen Jack, with all other sorts of Furniture too tedious to mention.

The roup to begin at ten o'clock, and continue until all be sold off.

SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

AT CAROLINE PARK.

TO be SOLD by public auction at Caroline Park, on Thursday the 9th of May 1782, A great variety of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, viz. Mounted and Tent Beds, Down and Feather Beds, Blankets, Matresses, Carpets, Mahogany Tables, Chairs, Desks and Drawers, Looking Glasses, Clocks, Grates, a kitchen Jack, and several other articles.

The roup to begin at ten o'clock, and continue till all are sold off.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of SIR JOHN OGILVY.

THE Purchaser of the Estate of Kinnordy having intimated to the Trustee for Sir John Ogilvy's Creditors, that 20,000 l. of the price is to be paid at Whitsunday next, old stile, a scheme of division thereof will be prepared between and that time; and the payment of the dividend will commence at the office of John Gordon clerk to the signet, on Tuesday the [illegible] of May, and will continue, at book hours, every lawful day thereafter, Saturdays excepted.

ALEXANDER LIVINGSTON,

TEA AND SPIRIT DEALER,

Opposite the Chapel of Ease, Crosscauseway, Edinburgh,

RETURNS his best thanks to the Public in general, and his friends in particular, for the many favours confered upon him; and flatters himself, that he has it in his power to merit the continuance of their approbation: Begs leave to inform them, that he has got to hand a very large assortment of TEAS, WINES and SPIRITS, which, upon trial, will be found superior to any offered to sale for some time past.

Black Teas from 4 s. 6 d. to 8 s. } per lb.
Hyson Green, from 10 s. to 14 s. }

His Black Teas at 7 s. 6 d. and 8 s. he begs leave to recommend in particular.

Sugars to tea customers at prime cost, for ready money only.

SALE OF TEAS AND SPIRITS.

JOHN POLLOCK, Tea and Spirit Dealer, head of Niddry's Wynd, Edinburgh, has now on hand a large quantity of exceeding fine TEAS, in the original packages, which he flatters himself will give entire satisfaction, and is selling at the following moderate prices:

Bohea,	4 s. per lib.	Best Congo,	7 s. per lib.
Best ditto,	5 s.	Soushong,	8 s.
Congo,	6 s.	Best ditto,	8 s. 6 d.

SPIRITS.

Plain Whisky,	3 s. 4. per gal.	Good Brandy,	8 s. per gal.
Good ditto,	4 s.	Best Coniac ditto,	12 s.
Best Fairntosh,	4 s. 8 d.	Single Rum,	6 s.
Gin,	6 s.	Good ditto,	8 s.
Best Holland ditto,	8 s.	Best double Rum,	12 s.
Brandy,	6 s.		

Sugars to tea customers at *prime cost*—Commissions punctually attended to.

TEAS AND SPIRITS.

JOHN AITCHISON, at his Tea and Spirit Warehouse, third shop below the head of the Flesh-market Close, Edinburgh, has just now on hand, a Stock of exceeding fine BLACK and GREEN TEAS, purchased at the last sales, all in the original packages, and which, he flatters himself, will be found preferable to any that has been offered to the Public for this some time.

Bohea, - -	4 s. 6 d per lib.	Finest Congo,	7 s. 6 d.
Fine ditto,	5 s. 0	Shoushong,	8 s.
Congo,	6 s. 0	Hyson Green,	12 s.
Fine ditto,	7 s. 0	Finest ditto,	14 s.

Fine old Aquavitæ, 3 s. 6 d. per gallon.

Geneva, - - 4 s. 4 d. ditto.

N. B. J. Aitchison has also on hand a few Flitches of fine BACON, to be sold at 4 d. per pound in whole flitches.

From the London Papers, April 18.

Vienna, April 4. On Easter Sunday the Pope performed the ceremony of saying Mass, and gave his blessing to the congregation; but this solemnity was not so pompous as expected, to the great disappointment of several curious people, as the Emperor was not present, having excused himself to the Pontiff the evening before, on account of the disorder in his eyes. In short, this distemper has encreased for several days past, and fresh blisters have been applied. The Archduke Maximilian accompanied his Holiness in an old state coach, with the Cardinals that were here; but none of the grandees were in the train, which was closed by a detachment of the garde de police, which usually attend the judges. It is more than probable that the stay of the Holy Father will alter nothing of the intentions of our Monarch, and his last answer to certain articles appears decisive in this respect.

Paris, April 7. According to the last letters from Cadiz, great preparations are making for the siege of Gibraltar, immense quantities of stores and provisions daily arriving from all parts, at Algesiras. His Catholic Majesty has bought, or freighted at Cadiz, all the large ships employed in the trade to the Indies. They are fitted up in such a manner as to resist the greatest fire, being principally intended to go close to the New Mole and Europa Point. There are already at Algesiras, boats, shallops, &c. carrying mortars and guns, from 36 to 48 pounders. The same letters add, that the garrison of Gibraltar has received fresh provisions by several ships, no less than 17 having entered that place within the last month, insomuch that the abovesaid garrison, so far from being alarmed at the recommencement of the siege, appear very much rejoiced at it.

The Brest fleet will sail some time this month, under the command of M. de la Motte Piquet. This armament will be pretty considerable; to-morrow the troops will begin to embark.

We are assured that a camp is to be formed on the coasts of Brittany of 30,000 men, under command of M. de Broglio.

Anecdotes *of the famous* WESTONS, *who robbed the Bristol Mail.*

JOSEPH and George Weston, apprehended on Wednesday last by the officers of the police in Bow-street, for robbing the Bristol mail in 1781, near Cranford Bridge, are two of the most remarkable depredators that have appeared in this country since the days of the famous Wild.

Immediately after their plundering the cart containing the Bristol mail, George, who is the younger brother, dressed himself in the habit of a footman, and went round the country, for the purpose of procuring money for the bills they had taken; he was suspected, and pursued to London some time since, but escaped in St Paul's church-yard. He soon afterwards joined his brother Joseph; and, about six months ago, they, in partnership, took a very neat farm called Friars, but a small distance from the sea, and near the town of Winchelsea in Sussex. Here they lived in splendor until their late detection, Joseph assuming the name of William Johnson, and George that of Samuel Watson. They visited the first people in the neighbourhood of Winchelsea; kept a very handsome equipage, a stable of excellent hunters, a pack of the best terriers, and enjoyed the pleasures of the chace in a stile superior to most gentlemen in that part of the country.

On their taking this farm, they employed Mess. Elliot and Co. of New Bond-street, to furnish the house, which was accordingly done, and in a very neat manner. They also took up a considerable quantity of jewellery from Mr Davis, who lives in the same street. A lack of payment induced one of those gentlemen to sue out a writ against them; and [illegible] morning last, the officers met both Joseph and George at [illegible] Rye. The men who were to execute the process, attempted to pull Joseph off his horse; but the two brothers presented a case of pistols, and clapping spurs to their horses, escaped to the metropolis. A gentlemen who was then at Rye, and had seen the whole transaction, first suggested the idea of their being the two Westons who robbed the Bristol mail. Their persons answering the description given in the daily publications, an express was immediately dispatched to the Post-office, and from thence notice was sent to the Police in Bow-street. A diligent and spirited search immediately took place. That very active officer Mr Clark, made the most minute inquiries; and at last received information that they were concealed at the house of one Clements, who keeps a hotel in Noel-street, Soho. Mr Clark, about nine o'clock, went to this house, and enquired if there were not two men there of such a description; the man of the house said, "*he could not tell.*" At this moment Mr Clark observed the wife of Clements going up stairs; and in a few minutes after, the two Westons came down with their hands in their pockets. They instantly passed Mr Clark, and so near as to touch his coat. Having got out at the street door, they immediately ran down Noel street, from thence made their way into Great Marlborough-street; being closely pursued, they fired several pistols, but without doing any other mischief than grazing the ear of a hair-dresser, who was passing at the moment. They were at length apprehended, and carried, about eleven o'clock on Wednesday morning, before the sitting Magistrate in Bow-street.

Information having been sent to the Post-office that the two Westons were in custody, Mr Parkin, the Solicitor, attended. On searching Joseph Weston, bank post-bills to the amount of 240 l. which were taken out of the mail-cart at Cranford-bridge, were found in his pocket. After an examination, which lasted till seven in the evening, they were committed to separate prisons, Joseph to Tothillfields Bridewell, and George to New Prison.

The first of these extraordinary villains was convicted of forgery at Warwick assizes about five years ago; but two or three nights previous to his execution, broke prison; and notwithstanding the most diligent search was made after him, had the address to elude his pursuers.

The principal confidant of these depredators was the famous Lucius Hughes, who was employed to accommodate their wives in town with lodging, and to supply them with every necessary they wanted. Strict search is making after this fellow; and from the great activity of Mr Wright, and the gentlemen presiding at the police, we may expect that in a short time this notorious fellow will be apprehended, and the whole gang effectually annihilated.

The Westons, who are in custody for robbing the mail, yesterday gave a bill of sale of their effects, with which a messenger was immediately dispatched to Winchelsea. It is said their plate alone, at the price of old silver, will produce upwards of two thousand pounds. They will not be examined till next week, on account of some witnesses being in the country.

HALFPENNY
1084
No 4

From the LONDON GAZETTE, *April 23.*

St James's, April 23.

THE King has been pleased to grant to the Honourable Lieutenant-General Sir William Howe, Knight of the Bath, the office and place of Lieutenant-General of the Ordnance:

Also to grant to the Hon. Thomas Pelham, the office of Master-Surveyor of the Ordnance;

And to John Aldridge, Esq; the office of Clerk of the Ordnance.

The King has been pleased to constitute and appoint Lieutenant-General James Johnstone, to be Governor of the Fort of Duncannon in the kingdom of Ireland.

War-Office, April 22. 1782.

2d Regiment of Dragoons, Lieutenant-General George Preston is appointed to be Colonel, vice William Earl of Panmure.

17th Regiment of Dragoons, Lieutenant-General Honourable Thomas Gage, to be Colonel, vice George Preston.

22d Regiment of foot, Major-General Charles O'Hara, to be Colonel, vice Hon. Thomas Gage.

Lieutenant-Colonel Robert Abercrombie, of 37th foot, to be Aid de Camp ro the King, vice George Garth.

Lieutenunt-Colonel Thomas Musgrave, of 40th foot, to be Aid de Camp to the King.

Captain Frederick George Mulcaster of the corps of engineers, to be Major in the army, by Brevet.

INTELLIGENCE FROM LLOYD's, *April 23.*

Portsmouth 22. This morning sailed Sir John Ross in his Majesty's ship Bienfaisant, of 64 guns, Captain Howarth, and Buffalo of 60, Captain Robertson for the Downs, with a number of merchantmen under their convoy; the Panther of 60, is expected to follow them this afternoon.

The fleet of merchantmen from London, and the fleet of loaded colliers from Shields, (said to be captured by the Dutch in the North Seas) were all safe with the Merchant armed ship on the 10th inst. in Norway.

The Trusty, Slow, from Swansey to Dublin, loaded with copper, is stranded off the coast of Ireland, and donbtful if any part of the cargo can be saved.

Dartmouth 19. This day passed by this harbour the Newfoundland fleet from Torbay.

HOUSE OF COMMONS, *Monday, April 22.*

REPORTED the resolves of Friday last relative to the Supply.

Passed the Southwark Court, and Ship Ransom bills.

The House having then resolved itself into a Committee of Supply, the *Secretary at War* moved several sums for the service of the army, which were granted.

The House being resumed, the *Lord Advocate* moved the order of the day, for going into a Committee, to take into consideration the report from the Secret Committee on India affairs.

Sir *Thomas Rumbold* got up and said, that notwithstanding the most unremitted attention, he had not been able to prepare his defence against the charges conveyed against him, in the 12th, 13th, and 14th of the last 24 resolutions, which had been read to the Committee on a former day by the learned Lord. He did not wish to throw the least delay in the way of the proposed enquiry, therefore would agree to the first eleven resolutions, trusting that the Committee would indulge him with time to move for such papers from the India-House as should be necessary for his justification. This being assented to, and the Speaker having left the Chair, which was taken by Sir George Howard,

The *Lord Advocate* moved four resolutions, which being carried, he next drew a very lamentable picture of the state of the country which was in the hands of the Zemindars, who, by the wretched policy of the Company's servants, were so reduced that they were not able to pay their rents. He moved therefore the following resolution:

5. "That it appears that the balances due by the Zemindars, and by the renters of the Company's lands in the Northern Circars, have very much increased of late; and that the Zemindars are in general much distressed, and involved in large debts."

Sir *Adam Ferguson* said, the country was in a state of rapid decline, as would appear, when they should hear, that a few years ago the balances due to us by the Zemindars did not exceed six lacks of pagodas, but had since gone on increasing, till they amounted in the year 1780 to the amount of seventeen lacks: The Company must see, that it was necessary to take not only effectual, but speedy measures, to save that country from total destruction.

Sir *Thomas Rumbold* did not deny the picture given of the state of the country; but said it had been long on the decline, before he was sent out to govern it, as would appear from the reports on the table.

The 5th resolution being carried, the *Lord Advocate* moved,

6. "That it appears, that besides the tribute payable to the Company, it had been the practice for the Chiefs of the subordinate settlements to receive from the Zemindars certain large sums of money, under the name of nazirs, or free gift."

Mr *Wilkinson* blamed the Company, as much as their servants, for suffering such practices to prevail. He had reared up a young lad from the age of eleven years, and sent him out to India, after giving him the most wholesome advice. He was happy to find that his instructions had not been lost. The lad had constantly refused to accept these Nazirs. He himself (Mr Wilkinson) had made known such meritorious conduct to the Directors; but, instead of rewarding so rare an instance of self-denial, the young Gentleman was wholly neglected; and, he understood, was now actually in debt, instead of having made a fortune.

This resolution having passed, the Lord *Advocate* came to a seventh and eighth resolution, on the latter of which he observed, that, by a strange kind of policy, the Jaghire Lands had been let to the Nabob of Arcot, when it must be obvious to any man, that the Nabob ought to be the last person in the world to have them; yet they were given to him for three years, contrary to the orders of the Directors. He moved, therefore,

8. "That it appears, that the Jaghire Lands, with the district of Poonamallee, being almost the whole of the territory contiguous to Fort St George, have been uniformly let to the Nabob of the Carnatick."

General Smith pointed out the wretched policy of letting these lands to the Nabob, as, by having them, he became complete master of all the military operations of Madrass, so that, without his consent, it would be absolutely impossible for that presidence to bring 500 men into the field.

Sir *Thomas Rumbold* said, there were many cogent reasons which had made it necessary, in his opinion, to let the lands to the Nabob. They were in a very bad condition, the canals through which the waters that fertilized the country were to be conveyed, were greatly out of repair, and the rent had run one year in arrear. He had advertised the Jaghire, and found that the bidders who offered wanted only such villages and districts as were in good condition, but would not take the rest. One man indeed offered to take the whole on a lease for ten years. The Nabob had offered to take the Jaghire for five years; the Presidency gave it to him at three, on condition that he should repair the Canals. He did so: And the consequences were, that in two years, the rent of three years, including the arrear, was discharged. He had acquainted the Court of Directors of his conduct, in giving the Jaghire to the Nabob for three years; and the only observation they made on the subject was, that they were sorry he had not been able to make the Nabob take the Jaghire for one year.

Mr Burke condemned the whole of this conduct. The rent at first had been so high, that the Nabob had fleeced his subjects till they were obliged to quit the country, and then it went to ruin. The Nabob had afterwards ground the face of his other subjects to make good his engagements for the Jaghire, and, by remaining in the neighbourhood of Madrass, impressed the powers of India with an idea that he had the complete controul of the company. The Jaghire, therefore, he said, ought not to have been given him; and then he would have been obliged to reside where it became him, in his own capital of Arcot.

The 8th resolution having passed, the *Lord Advocate* went on to the 9th, making many curious observations on the manner in which the Nabob's debts were accumulated, and concluded by moving,

9. "That it appears that the Nabob is loaded with heavy debts, both to the Company and to individuals; that his troops are ill paid, and have deserted in great numbers, and frequently broke out into dangerous mutinies on that account."

On this resolution, Mr *Macdonald* observed, that there was such things as good and bad debts, true debts, and sham debts; and he believed these distinctions might be found in the debts of the Nabob; for, if a proper enquiry were to take place, his real debts would be found to be very small indeed: But the servants of the Company had given birth to those debts, for purposes that might occur to every thinking man; and in pursuit of these purposes, the Nabob, though a great and illustrious Prince, was sometimes treated with as little ceremony as a bankrupt cheesemonger at Guildhall, his lands being given up to assignees to pay his debts, and such too as had never been really contracted.

Sir *Thomas Rumbold* replied, that these debts had not been created during his government; one of his instructions on going out was even to enquire how they had been accumulated.

Mr *Burke* said, that if Parliament should rest satisfied with such answers, there would soon be an end to our empire in India. This resolution having passed,

The *Lord Advocate* made some observations on the present deplorable state of the Tanjore country, which, from being the Paradise in India, was now so reduced, that scarce a trace remained of its former splendor and fertility; the causes of such a revolution, he had already stated at his opening; there remained, therefore, only for him to mention the causes, which he stated in the two following propositions:

10. "That it appears, that the revenues of Tanjore are greatly diminished, and the country itself much on the decline."

11. "That it appears, that, besides what may be imputed to bad Administration, one cause of that decline has been an opinion prevailing in the country, that the Rajah's government would not be of long continuance, and that another revolution was approaching."

Mr *Macdonald* described the kingdom of Tanjore as one of the most delightful countries the sun ever saw; but though it was such by nature, yet from the causes stated in the resolutions, it was at present in the most deplorable state that a country could be in. However, such was nature of the soil, that he hoped by the measures now likely to be adopted, it would in two or three years time be restored to its former state of beauty and fertility. This nation was bound to proceed to that restoration; both its interest and honour was at stake; and he made no doubt but Parliament, before the end of the present session, would restore the British character in India. It was with pleasure he informed the Committee, that he had received a letter from a friend at Vienna, in which the writer tells him, that he had heard at the table of a Minister at that Court, that his Imperial Majesty had publicly declared, that as a Friend to mankind, he rejoiced at the steps likely to be taken by the British Parliament, to secure happiness to their subjects in India, and retrieve the honour of their country, which the rapacity of the Company's servants had so shamefully tarnished.

General *Smith* took this opportunity to discharge a debt of gratitude to the late Rajah of Tanjore, from whom he had experienced the greatest kindness, by endeavouring to secure to his successor the peaceable enjoyment of the finest country in the world.

Mr *Burke* described, in the most pathetic manner, the wretched situation of the Rajah of Tanjore, who had experienced such hardships at the hands of the Presidency of Madras, that he was compelled to correspond with them in the Persian language, with which he was unacquainted; from which circumstance he was obliged to employ a Mahomedan interpreter, who, by his religion, was a friend to the Nabob of Arcot, who laid claim to the Tanjore country.

Sir *Thomas Rumbold* accounted for this by saying, that the Mahratta language was very difficult, and it was much easier to get an interpreter for the Persian language. The 10th and 11th resolutions being passed, it was then agreed not to proceed farther till Sir Thomas Rumbold should have some papers which he wanted. It was moved, therefore, that Sir George Howard report progress, and ask leave to sit again; which being carried, the House was resumed, and at eight o'clock adjourned.

From the London Papers, April, 23.

L O N D O N.

No political information of consequence has been received at any of the public offices since our last.

This morning some dispatches were received from Gibralter, by which we are informed, that they had received a fresh supply of provisions, &c.

A report was circulated last night, that the French fleet, consisting of 8 line of battle ships, under command of Monsieur Piquet, with 50 sail of transports, sailed from Brest the same day as Admiral Barrington was off Plymouth, and that he had been apprized of it, and was gone in quest of them; it is said the French fleet is bound to Rhode Island. Should this be the case there is every reason to hope the brave Barrington will give a good account of them.

Yesterday a great many letters were delivered at the Post office from Barbadoes, brought over in the Sally, Capt Tubman. She sailed from thence the beginning of March, and brings a confirmation of the capture of Demerary and Essequebo, by three men of war, and six hundred troops. The Grantham packet, with the January mail, sailed from thence for Jamaica the 16th of February; but neither the Swift nor Swallow packets were arrived when she sailed.

Ministry are very anxious for intelligence from the West-Indies, not having received any dispatches from Admirals Rodney and Hood since their junction; some people are inclined to think that our fleet has blocked up the Spanish squadron in Prince Rupert's bay, Dominica; and others suppose they are lying off Martinico to intercept the French convoy, which sailed from Brest the 11th of February, consisting of three line of battle ships, and 70 merchantmen; if they should be so fortunate as to fall in with this valuable fleet, it may alter the complexion of our affairs very much, as they are loaded with all kind of military stores.

By private letters lately received from India, certain advice is received, that a squandron of English men of war, with troops, supposed to be those under General Meadows, part of Commodore Johnstone's fleet, had taken the Dutch settlement of Cochin, near Cape Cormoran; and it was reported that a strong force was also gone against Trinconomaly, the principal fortress of the Dutch on the island of Ceylon.

It is now said with confidence, that as we are likely to fail in our overtures for peace with Holland a negociation will be immediately opened at the fountain-head, and that France itself is much inclined to the measure.

In case overtures for peace should commence with France, it is said independence must be given to America; Canada to revert back to France, giving back the islands she has taken; Spain to have Gibralter and Minorca ceded to them, and to give us the island of Porto Rico.

According to letters from Versailles, a Russian of great distinction arrived there a few weeks ago, supposed to be charged with some dispatches from his Court relative to a peace with Holland.

The new proprietary Committee sat this morning at the East India House for the first time, in order to examine into the state of the Company's affairs.

A court of Directors was also held at the East India House to seal dispatches; which are to be sent on board the packet now waiting to receive them at Falmouth.

The outward-bound East-India fleet, it is thought, will not be able to sail before the latter end of May, or beginning of June.

Lord Rockingham persists in his refusal to receive any salary as first Lord of the Treasury; it is therefore imagined, that it will be divided, as in his former administration, amongst the Clerks in that office. His Lordship permits the salary to be received, not to injure his successors by an envious precedent, which, though not injurious to a man of his property, might render the post untenable to a man whose abilities might merit the appointment, but whose fortune might be too small to preserve the dignity of the place without the emolument.

According to the Dutch letters, they expect the Empress of Russia will drop her mediation for a peace between England and Holland, if the States separate again without coming to some conclusion on that head.

The report of the province of Utrecht, conveying their approbation of the general resolution for acceding to the admission of Mr Adams, as Ambassador from the United States of America, is couched in terms that merit the particular attention of our readers: —

"Having heard the report of Mr de Westerveld, and other Deputies from their Noble Mightinesses for the war department, who, by virtue of the Commissorial resolutions of the 9th of May 1781, the 16th of January and 20th of March, in the present year 1782, having examined the resolutions of their High Mightinesses of the 4th of May, 1781, containing the overture made to the assembly of their High Mightinesses by the President, "That a person, called John Adams, had been with him, and had informed him, that he had received letters of credence for their High Mightinesses, on the part of the United States of North-America, with a request that he would acquaint their High Mightinesses of it;" and likewise the resolutions of their High Mightinesses of the 9th of January, 1782, containing a further overture on the part of the President, "That the said Mr Adams had been again at his house, and had insisted upon a categorical answer, whether they would accept of the above mentioned letter of credence or not?" and finally, the resolution of their High Mightinesses of the 5th of last March, together with the insertion of the resolution of Friesland, containing a proposal "for the admission of Mr Adams in quality of minister of the Congress of North-America;" upon which having deliberated, and seeing that the States of Holland and West Friesland, by their resolution transmitted on the 28th of March to the States General, have also consented to the admission of the said Mr Adams, in quality of minister of the Congress of North-America, it has been found good and decreed, That the Deputies of this province to the States General shall be authorised, as their Noble Mightinesses by the present do authorise them, to concur in the name of this Province, with the resolutions of the States of Holland, West Friesland, and Friesland, and consequently to consent, that Mr Adams should be acknowledged and admitted as minister of the United States of North-America. Their Noble Mightinesses being at the same time of opinion, *that information ought to be given of the resolution to be taken by their* High Mightinesses *in this subject, to her Majesty the Empress of Russia, and the other neutral powers, acquainting them (as far as is necessary) with the reasons which have influenced their* High Mightinesses, *giving them the strongest assurances, that the intention of their* High Mightinesses *is not by any means to* PROLONG THE WAR, *which they would willingly have prevented, and have terminated long since; but, on the contrary, that their* High Mightinesses WISH FOR NOTHING MORE ARDENTLY THAN A SPEEDY RE-ESTABLISHMENT OF PEACE, *and that they will find them always ready, on their part, to co-operate, for producing it, by every possible manner, and with the utmost facility, provided it should be, in any degree, compatible with their honour and dignity.*"

The new cabinet, now consisting of eleven members, is *quintuply* divided as follows, viz. two threes, two twos, and a single one; so that when any matter of importance comes to be debated by them, their decision is not likely to arise from the *unanimity* of his Majesty's counsellors!

By the present dearth of news from every quarter of the globe, it should seem that the new ministry had kept their word; and that Great Britain, who had lately so many powers to contend with, was now at *peace* with all the world!

When Lieutenant-General Burgoyne kissed hands on his late appointment, the only question asked him by his Majesty was, "Whether he had ever been in that kingdom?"—to which he replied in the negative.

The Lord Advocate is the man to whom Administration now pay their principal court: The most flattering overtures have been made him, but hitherto his Lordship has turned a deaf ear to them all!

The grand fleet will certainly sail to relieve Gibraltar as soon as the time of Admiral Barrington's cruise expires, and that part of the intended squadron returns to the Channel.

Lord Howe is at Portsmouth, in order to get every ship ready for sea as fast as possible; the men are constantly kept at work; for as one set comes off, another set goes on, which greatly hastens the work.

As soon as the capitulation of St Christopher's was concluded, the Marquis de Bouille appointed Count Dillon Governor of the island; and the King of France has been since pleased to confirm the appointment, on account of the bravery of that gallant young Nobleman, whose courage can be surpassed only by his humanity.

Since his Royal Highness Prince William Henry has been elected a Knight of the Garter, it is intended, that as soon as he receives the ensigns of that order, he shall deliver up those of the Thistle, which will be given to his brother Prince Edward, his Majesty's fourth son, who will then be decorated with a Green Ribbon.

The Landgrave of Hesse-Darmstadt has published an Ordonnance, by which he grants liberty of conscience to his Roman Catholic subjects, who in future are to be allowed the privilege of being attended in sickness by a Priest of their own religion. This, however, was granted, under condition that his Protestant subjects should have the same indulgence in the neighbouring Catholic States. The Catholic Prince-Bishop of Fulda no sooner heard of this ordonnance, than he answered it with another, by virtue of which he grants the Protestant subjects of Darmstadt the desired indulgence in his dominions.

They write from Italy, that after the return of the nobles, whom the Pope had ordered to attend the Grand Duke and Duchess of Russia to the borders of Tuscany, one of the wheels of their Highnesses carriage broke down, at the foot of Mount Viterbo. They had sent all their other carriages before them, and therefore their Imperial Highnesses were obliged to ascend and pass over that steep hill on foot.

The following is the detail of the Irish claims, as brought over by Mr Edeu:

1. The repeal of the declaratory act of George I.

2. Bills to be passed in the Irish Parliament, exactly as in the English, the Privy Councils to have no negative.

3. Bills to originate in the House of Lords, as well as in that of the Commons.

4. All English and Scots Peers of Ireland, who have not a thousand pounds a year in land in that kingdom, to have no power of voting in person, or by proxy.

5. No Irish offices of state or revenue, to be held by absentees.

6. Irish consuls for the protection of Irish trade, to be resident in all the places to which it may be necessary to send them.

7. A regulated militia to be established, in which the respective corps shall elect their own officers, to be paid by the public.

8. Irishmen only, to be appointed to Irish Bishopricks.

Yesterday Counsel were called to the bar of the house of Peers, to be heard on the appeal of Andrew Wauchope, of Niddry, Esq; and others, appellants; and the Governor and Company of undertakers for raising Thames water in York Buildings, respondents. The Counsel for the appellants being heard, Earl Mansfield rose up, and in a short speech, gave his reasons for affirming the interlocutor, and accordingly moved, "That the interlocutor complained of, be affirmed, and that the appellants do pay the respondents 100 l. costs, which, upon the question put by the Lord Chancellor to the House, was ordered accordingly.

Extract of a letter from Leghorn, dated March 29.

"A cartel ship, in three days from Mahon, arrived here on the 23d instant. She has on board General Murray, a few officers, and a number of passengers; from them we learn, that the transports, which are to carry the troops to England, only wait a fair wind."

Extract of a letter from Paris, April 12.

"The opinion here is, that we shall have a general peace this summer. Several persons have arrived from London within these few days; and their business, it is said, is on the subject of accommodation of the disputes which have subsisted between the Courts of Versailles and London. Couriers daily arrive from Amsterdam and Vienna; and it is confidently asserted, that a Congress will be held this summer at Vienna or Brussels, under the mediation of the Emperor and the Empress of Russia, to bring about a general peace with all the belligerent powers. The Court of London refused last year to allow the subject of America be mentioned, otherwise a Congress would then have taken place; but as that objection can now no longer exist, we have little doubt of that desirable event taking place this year. Though France has been very successful, yet the most ardently wishes for a general peace, for her finances are most miserably exhausted."

Extract of aletter from a gentleman in Lisbon, to his friend in Bandon, dated the 25th of March 1782.

"A Portuguese ship is arrived from the Brazils; in her came passengers a French officer in the Spanish service, and two Spanish officers, all to Spain with expresses; the Frenchman speaks openly, that the revolt in South America has got to the highest pitch; that for some hundred leagues not a Spaniard is to be seen, and that it is incredible what a number of them the Indians have killed. I am vastly pleased at this intelligence, as it will turn their attention that way, and draw part of their forces to that quarter, and of course weaken them in Europe.

"There are people in town from Gibraltar, who left the garrison the 10th instant; eight or ten vessels have got in there amongst them a large store-ship from London, and several with fresh provisions. The Barbary ports are again opened, so that they will be better supplied. The King of Spain thinks more about taking Gibraltar than of the rebellion in South America, which threatens to deprive him of that valuable patt of his possessions."

Extract of a letter from Plymouth, April 20.

"Just arrived a cutter, with dispatches from Admiral Barrington, dated at sea, which were sent up immediately to London."

PRICE OF STOCKS, April 23.

Bank Stock shut.	South Sea Stock, —
4 per cent. Ann. 1777, 71⅞ a ¾ ex div.	3 per cent. Old Ann. —
3½ per cent. 1758, —	Ditto New Ann. —
3 per cent. con. 57⅞ a ¾.	Ditto 1751, —
3 per cent. red. 56⅞ a ¾ ex div.	Exch. Bills, —
3 per cent. 1726, —	Navy Bills, 10⅞ a ¾ disc.
Long. Ann. 17 1-16th a ⅛.	Lot. Tick. 16 l. 5 s. 6 d.
Short Ann. 1778, 12¼ a 13-16ths.	3 per cent. Scrip. 58⅞.
India Stock, —	4 per cent. Scrip. 72⅞.
3 per cent. Ann. shut.	Light L. Ann. 17½.
India Bonds, 8 a 10 prem.	Omnium, 11 a 10¼ prem.

WIND AT DEAL.

April 22. S. S. W.

PRICES of CORN at CORN EXCHANGE, April 22.

Wheat, 32 s. a 45 s.	Boiling Pease, 28 s.
Fine ditto.	Tick Beans, 17 s. a 18 s. 6 d.
Rye, 18 s. a 21 s.	Small ditto, 20 s. a 22 s.
Oats, 8 s. a 14 s. 6 d.	Tares, 20 s. a 21 s.
Barley, 14 s. a 17 s. 6 d.	Fine Flour, 39 s.
Malt, 24 s. a 28 s.	Second sort, 37 s.
Grey Pease, 18 s. a 21 s.	Rape Seed, — per last.
White ditto, 24 s. a 26 s.	

EDINBURGH.

Extract of a private letter from London, April 23.

"Accounts are arrived this afternoon at the Admiralty, that Admiral Barrington has fallen in with a French convoy off Brest, and taken several of them, supposed from 17 to 23.

"I have not been able to learn any particulars, only that five or six are certainly arrived at Plymouth.

"The report we have had for several days, of Lord Keppel's retiring, is not much credited. The idea of peace with Holland is subsided, and stocks are considerably fallen.

"Mr Elwes reported in the House of Commons, that the Committee for trying the Forfar election had declared in favour of Archibald Douglas, Esq;

"It is generally believed, that the Scots Bankrupt Law will pass this session of Parliament, notwithstanding the great opposition it is likely to meet with."

Thursday arrived in Leith Roads, the Perseus frigate of 28 guns, the Sprightly and Brazen cutters of 14 guns each, with the fleet from London for the Frith under their convoy, all safe.

Wednesday last was married here, the Reverend Mr George Smith, minister of the gospel at Galston, to Miss Marion Freer, daughter of the deceased Adam Freer of Innernethy, Esq;

On Sunday last, died at her house of Kinkell, Lady Mackenzie, widow of Sir Alexander Mackenzie of Gairloch Baronet.

Robert Taylor, Esq; of Borrowfield, died upon the 24th instant at Borrowfield. His relations and friends will accept of this notification of his death.

We hear Mr Sheridan's celebrated Entertainment of the Camp, is getting up at considerable expence, for Miss Kirby's benefit, which is fixed for Saturday 4th May, when she will appear in the character of Nancy, as performed by her three successive seasons, with very great applause, at the Theatre Royal Drury Lane.

We hear from Perth, that the inhabitants are reduced to great distress by the want of coal, owing to the easterly winds, which prevents their being supplied by sea in the ordinary way. Would it not be worth while to send coals there by land carriage?

An advice cutter, in the service of Government, this day arrived at Leith. She came from Shetland on Wednesday last, where she spoke the Proselyte and Cleopatra frigates, neither of which, at that time, had seen any enemy. The reports from Shetland are, that the Dutch fleet, with a number of frigates and merchantmen, supposed for the West-Indies, had passed that place, steering that course.

Thursday last, was brought to town, by a messenger, and lodged in the tolbooth, James Robb, formerly a merchant in Dundee. He was incarcerated in the year 1772, for a debt incurred to government, and found means to make his escape, on the night of Saturday the 13th of February 1773, by cutting the iron stanchels of the window in the room where he was confined, and letting himself down from thence to the street, by a rope. The messenger who went in search of Robb, apprehended him in the county of Norfolk, by virtue of a warrant of the Sheriff of this county, backed by the chief magistrate of the town of Lynn Regis, and the Sheriff of the county of Norfolk. Mr Williamson was the Messenger dispatched on the above business, in consequence of information received at the Custom-house here from the Custom house at Boston in Lincolnshire. But when the Messenger arrived there, he found Robb had gone to the county of Norfolk, where he was accordingly apprehended.

On Saturday the 13th instant, a private man belonging to the Herefordshire militia, then quartered at Shrewsbury, eat a whole shoulder of veal roasted, which weighed nine pounds and an half, entirely at one meal, to the astonishment of several farmers, who treated him with it. We are also assured that a few mornings before he eat above five pounds of solid beef for his breakfast; and would have eaten more if he could have got it. *Birmingham Gazette.*

In the morning of the 13th inst. the sloop Good Intent, Uriah Pitt, master, loaded with potatoes from Gainsbrough, bound for London, was unfortunately overset on Wilton sands, in the Humber; by which accident the master, mate, pilot, and one of the fore-mast men, lost their lives. One man and a little boy were found floating upon a raft, and were up alive. The vessel, after having broke her masts, yards, bowsprit, and almost every timber upon deck, was driven a-shore in the Ouse near Witgift Ferry, with very little of her cargo savad.

Yesterday night, a house in the village of Shettlestown, two miles from Glasgow, was broke into, and a considerable quantity of goods and cash carried off; the perpetrators of which are not yet discovered.

Saturday last, betwixt nine and ten o'clock forenoon, a fire broke out in a saddler's work-shop above the cross, Glasgow, which at first, had a very alarming appearance, a wright shop being adjoining, wherein was a large quantity of wood; but by the timely assistance of the neighbours, it was happily extinguished without doing much damage.

Sunday night, about eleven o'clock, a fire broke out in a thatched house in the village of Govan, two miles from this city, which entirely consumed the same, as also, three dwelling houses adjoining.——By the assistance of the neighbourhood it was happily prevented from spreading any further.

Extract of a letter from Dublin, April 20.

"It is said a motion will be made in the House of Commons, next week, with the approbation of Government, for leave to bring in heads of a bill to oblige certain officers of state to reside in this kingdom—or vacate their employments. The persons who will principally, at this time, be affected by this bill, are

"The Right Hon. Richard Rigby, Master of the Rolls.

"The Right Hon. the Earl of Hillsborough, Register of the Court of Chancery.

"Charles Fitzroy Scudamore, Esq; Cursitor of ditto.

"The Duke of Devonshire, Lord Treasurer of Ireland.

"Right Hon. W. G. Hamilton, Chancellor of the Exchequer.

"Right Hon. Charles Jenkinson, Clerk of the Pells.

"It is worthy of remark, that the House of Lords of Ireland, in the reign of Charles the First, addressed the King, that the Master of the Rolls should be a resident of this kingdom, and that no titles of honour derived from Ireland should be conferred on any who were not possessed of property therein.

"It is with inexpressible concern that the friends of liberty must regret the present very indifferent state of health of Henry Grattan, Esq;—he has been, for some time past, labouring under a very painful complaint, which his exertion in the public cause prevented paying that attention to his physicians declared absolutely necessary—his speech on Tuesday last considerably affected a constitution at best but delicate. He is now confined to his room, yet we are assured that every symptom is as favourable as the faculty could expect.

"Mr Grattan has hitherto declined the repeated solicitation of *naming* whatever he pleased to accept of—he has generously declared he will support, without place, pension, or emolument, the present Administration, as long as they support the rights and promote the real interests of Ireland.

"We hear, heads of a bill, similar to the bill brought into the British House of Commons, will be moved for here in a few days, by the Right Hon. Henry Flood, for the purpose of incapacitating officers in the revenue from voting, at elections for members of Parliament.

"Never was the departure of a Lord Lieutenant from this kingdom so sincerely regretted by a great number of persons as that of Lord Carlisle, as unfeigned marks of sorrow were observed in the countenances of several of his Lordship's friends, who made part of the train that accompanied him out of town. This sorrow was no doubt *disinterested*, and occasioned by the loss *only* of so excellent a chief Governor.

"Mr Eden lived in that stile of splendid magnificence, since his arrival in Ireland, that it is generally calculated he has not expended less than 15,000 l. though the actual receipts of his office, during that period, has not produced more than 5000 l: so that he actually pockets a loss of 10,000 l."

We hear that there is now in the press, and will be speedily published,

THE TEARS OF THE BRITONS.

THIS history contains a period of about nineteen years, during which these people were not afflicted with famine, nor with pestilence, nor with national poverty, nor with any visible judgment of God; and, nevertheless, they fell from a state of power and of glory, to a state of discord, weakness, diminution, and contempt.

Edinburgh, April 24. 1782. NERVA.

Spes Infracta *in our next.*

LEITH SHIPPING.

ARRIVED,

April 23. Philip, Bamstead, from Lynn, with grain.
Noyt Votmach, Binja, from Ostend, with flax, &c.
Euphan, Malcom, from Aberdeen, with goods.
Jean, Brown, from Glasgow, with ditto.
Hendix, Nub, from Gottenburgh, with dales, iron, &c.
24. Duke, Boon, from Wishbeach, with grain.
And several vessels with coals.
25. Betsy, ———, from Bergen, with tar and deals.
William and John Hunter, from Hull, with goods.
Success, Stancland, from ditto, with wood.
Dutchess of Gordon, M'Killigin, from London, with stores.
26. Star, Ritchie, from ditto, with ditto.
Gustavus, Crouden, from ditto, with goods.
Betsey, Hardie, from ditto, with ditto.
Lovely Mary, Beatson, from ditto, with ditto.
Unity, Angus, from ditto, with ditto.
Helen, Higgin, from Easdale, with slates.
27. Peggy, Watson, from Cramond, with iron.
Elila, Pederson, from Sealock, with dales and iron.
Providence, Bierman, from Mandale, with ditto.
And several vessels with grain, coals, &c.

GREENOCK SHIPPING.

ARRIVED,

April 22. Dido, Telfer, from Whitehaven, with goods.
Glasgow, Slater, from Ulverstone, with ditto.
Grizie, Duncan, from Harris, with tar, part of the cargo of the ship Manie, Robert Shaddan master, from Archangel, bound to this port, wrecked on Finsbay, in Harris.
Peggy, Bowskill, from Lancaster, with goods.
Prince of Wales cutter, Captain Campbell, and an Excise cutter, Captain Gellies, both from a cruize, with a prize.
23. Greenock, M'Kinlay, from Harris, with tar, part of the cargo of the Manie, Sheddan.

SAILED,

Albion, Robertson, for St Lucia, with goods.

CLOVER, RYE-GRASS, and LINT SEED.

JAMES BERTRAM, Grassmarket, Edinburgh, has just received, with the London fleet, which arrived on Thursday last, a complete assortment of new Red, White, and Yellow Clovers, with Rib Grass, or Plaintain; and, by last neutral ship from Ostend, very best Dutch Clover and Lintseed.

, He has likewise above 100 bolls good Scots Rye-grass Seed; all which will be positively sold on the lowest terms.

☞ J. Bertram takes this method of publicly thanking those who favoured him with their orders formerly, and he humbly solicits the continuance of them; and they may rest perfectly assured, that their commissions shall be most punctually attended to, and most faithfully executed.

SALE of LEMONS at LEITH.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the ware-house of Thomas Walker and Son, Quality Street, upon Friday the 3d day of May next, at 12 o'clock noon,

A quantity of very FINE LEMONS, in Lisbon chests, just repacked, and in the best order; to be put up in lots of one, two, or three chests, as purchasers shall agree.

Any inclining to purchase, by private bargain, will apply as above, where the fruit may be viewed betwixt and the day of sale.

DUTCH LINTSEED for SALE at LEITH.

A Few hogsheads of the very best DUTCH LINT-SEED, just imported, in the Noyat Vatmacht, from Rotterdam and Ostend, examined and approved of by Mr Alexander Sommerville, appointed by the Honourable Board of Trustees. Apply to William Sibbald and Co. or to Thomas Walker and Son, Leith. At *whose* ware-house, in Quality Street, may be had the following articles, very reasonable, viz. Very fine Dutch Butter, in whole and half firkins.—Dutch and English cheese.—Ditto house and hearth Besoms,—Painters Brushes.—A complete assortment of Hair-cloth Sieve Bottoms.—Dutch red and white clover Seed, in casks and bags.—English Flax, in bales.—London cut Whalebone.—Prestonpans oil of vitriol.—Spanish Plaister, or Stucco.—And an assortment of Sheetings—Dowlass—Ravenduck—Durants—Silk—Oil-cloth—Umbrellas—and Fans.

Commissions punctually obeyed.

HOSIERY AND HATS.

To be SOLD by Auction,

BY MR HAY AUCTIONEER,

At the large Wareroom, east wing of the Royal Exchange, lately possessed by Mr M'Gachan, upon Tuesday the 30th April, and the four following days, at eleven o'clock forenoon,

A LARGE, fresh, and fashionable Assortment of HOSIERY and HATS; being Consignments from the Manufacturers.

The goods to be put up in small lots, for the conveniency of purchasers.

They consist of

Mens and Ladies Silk Hose.
Mens Thread, Cotton, and Worsted ditto.
Mens Silk and Worsted, Silk and Thread ditto.
Ladies Cotton, Thread, and Worsted ditto.
Silk Handkerchiefs and Purses.
Gauze Hose, Footsocks, and Silk Gloves.
Vests, Breeches-Pieces, Nightcaps, &c.
Mens, Ladies, and Childrens Hats.

Catalogues to be had at the place of sale.

FOREIGN CHINA,

TO be SOLD by auction, at St Mary's Chapel, foot of Niddry's Wynd, by Mess. FIDLER and SELLWAY, from London, which is just arrived from London, on board of the Betsey, Captain Boyd, upwards of fifty Boxes, bales, &c. The sale to begin on Monday the 29th instant, at eleven o'clock forenoon, and from four to nine in the evening.

Mr Fidler assures the Nobility, Gentry, &c. that this is the most elegant and capital assortment that has yet appeared in this city.

In this assortment are the following articles, viz.

Service of blue and white Dishes and plates,
Fine coloured ditto,
Tureens and dishes,
Soop dishes and plates,
Sallad and baking dishes,
Desert water plates, &c. &c.
Great variety of complete tea-sets, of the best Nankeen blue, and sets of rich coloured ditto,
Bowls and basons,
Cups and saucers,
Jars and beakers,
India paper hangings for rooms,
Bottles and basons,
Sets of mugs, ornamented figures,
Japan'd dressing boxes for ladies toiletts,
A fine japanned cabinet,
Umbrellas,
Quadrill boxes, fish and counters,
India soy, preserved ginger, &c.
Sets of large jars chased with gold,
With many other valuable India goods, too numerous to insert.

Three elegant Desert Sets of English Porcelain, Mazarine Blue, painted with birds, flowers, and insects, and heightned with burnished gold.

A curious assortment of Cut Glass, some fine Persian pattern Carpets, several complete table and tea sets will be put up each day of sale. This valuable collection of goods, which must be all sold in a few days, is well worth the attention of the Nobility. The goods may be viewed each day before the sale.

A handsome discount will be allowed to country shop-keepers.

TO BE SOLD,

UPWARDS of THIRTY HORSES, including

horses in training, Hunters, Hacks, Coach-horses, Brood Mares, young Stock, and Cart Horses, &c. the property of Lord Haddo. To be viewed at Chesterhall on Monday and Tuesday, the 29th and 30th current.

For particulars, enquire of Peter Ramsay, with whom the prices are left.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of the deceased LAURENCE CRAIGIE of Dumbarnie, Writer to the Signet.

THE whole funds of the said Laurence Craigie being now nearly converted into money, and a plan having been concerted by a committee of the creditors, for dividing the funds immediately by an arbiter, so as to avoid the expence and delay of judicial procedure, the whole creditors are requested to meet by themselves, or their agents properly authorised, at the Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 8th day of May 1782, at twelve o'clock noon, when a submission for that purpose will be laid before the meeting for executing.

N. B. It is earnestly entreated that the creditors attend, as otherwise the plan of a submission must be abandoned, and the whole come before the Court of Session.

HOUSE, GARDEN, AND STABLE,

TO LET OR SELL.

THAT LODGING in Hammermen's Close, opposite to the Canongate Church, formerly possessed by Dr Warden-Macfarlane, and now by Mrs Gray, consisting of three storeys, containing five rooms, a kitchen, six light closets, and a garret; together with a Stable, and good cellar. The Garden, in which there is a summer-house, is laid out with fruit-trees and flowering shrubs. The rent of the whole only 15 l. sterling.

The house may be seen every day, and Walter Lockhart writer, Bristo-street, hath powers to conclude a bargain.

A COUNTRY RESIDENCE TO LET.

TO LET, for one or more years as shall be agreed on, The HOUSE, GARDEN, OFFICES, and PIGEON-HOUSE of HUNTINGTON, within two miles of Haddington, on the right-hand side of the Post-road from Haddington to Edinburgh, fit to accommodate a large family; together with a larger or lesser quantity of Ground, well inclosed. The situation and neighbour hood are desirable; and there is plenty of coal, and every convenience commonly to be had in a country residence.

Robert Whitehead, at Huntington, will show the premisses, and John Smith writer to the signet will conclude a bargain,—to whom any person inclined to exchange one or more Liferent Freehold Qualifications in either of the Counties of Forfar, Fife, or any of the Lothians, for the like in Perthshire, may apply.

By Adjournment.

TO be SOLD, by public roup, within the Exchange Coffee-house, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 8th day of May 1782, at five o'clock afternoon,

That INN at HOWGATE, situated about

ten measured miles from Edinburgh, upon the public road leading to Peebles, with the Ground adjacent thereto, extending to about a Scots acre and a half, presently possessed by David Moffat.

The House was lately thoroughly repaired, and put into the best condition. And besides convenient and suitable office-houses, there are upon the premisses a brew-house, malt-barn, kiln, and coble, all in good order, and well supplied with water.

The above subjects hold feu of Sir James Clerk of Pennycuik, for payment of a trifling feu-duty; and, by the feu-right, no house can be erected within the barony of Waltour, or within two miles of Howgate, for the purpose of brewing or malting for sale, or to be used as an inn.

The progress of writs and articles of sale are in the hands of James Thomson writer to the signet, Carrubber's Close.

ARGYLESHIRE.

TO be SOLD by public roup, upon Thursday the 13th day of June next, at 12 o'clock mid-day, within the house of Mrs Currie vintner in Rothsay,

The Five Merk Land of old extent of DARYNAKERACHMORE, lying in the parish of Kilfirran, division of Cowal, and shire of Argyle. This farm is an extensive and good grazing, fit either for black cattle or sheep, and well situate with respect to markets. It contains a considerable quantity of arable land, which may be improven at a small expence, as the ground abounds with lime-stone, and has in it plenty of feuel.

For further particulars application may be made to Archibald Campbell of Ardmernock, near Kilferran, the proprietor, Mr John Robertson merchant in Rothesay, or to John Blain Sheriff-clerk of Bute, in whose hands the progress of writs and articles of roup are to be seen.

TO SHIPMASTERS.

VESSELS are wanted immediately to carry Easdale slates from the quarries to the Frith of Forth. Good encouragement will be given. A vessel of 60 tons burden is now ready at Leith to take in a freight for any of the Western Islands, or for Ireland.

Enquire of John Campbell writer to the signet, Archibald Campbell at Easdale, by Inverary, and Patrick Macintyre, merchant, Leith.

TO be SOLD, by public roup, at Mr Buchanan's Tavern, Port Glasgow, upon Tuesday next, the 30th current, THE SHIP

GENERAL ARNOLD,

formerly the GENERAL WASHINGTON privateer, about 350 tons burden, carries 18 guns on one deck, and is a remarkable swift sailer.

For the inventory, &c. apply to Robert Dunmore merchant Glasgow, or James King senior, Port Glasgow.

TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION,

At Herron's Long-Room in Glasgow, on Wednesday the 22d of May, at 12 o'clock mid day,

THE Snow DE BATAVIER,

with her all masts, yards, cordage, sails, &c. as she now lies in the harbour of Greenock; being a prize to his Majesty's ships of war the Monarch, Panther, and Sybil.

Also, the following goods, being part of the Cargo of the said snow Batavier:

58 Hogsheads of Tobacco.	277 Bags of Coffee.
129 Casks of Clayed and Muscovado Sugar.	19 Casks of Rum.
	141 Hides.

Inventory of the vessel, with the samples of the goods, and conditions of sale, will be shown at the counting-house of Somervell, Gordon, and Co. merchants, Glasgow.

FOR SALE BY THE CANDLE,

AT Lawson's coffeehouse, Leith, on Monday the 6th day of May next,

The Brigantine LA JEUNE DUNKERQUOISE of Dunkirk, French built, and copper sheathed, not two years old, a remarkable fast sailer, burden about ninety tons more or less, with all her tackling, as she now lies in the harbour of Leith, lately taken by his Majesty's ship Proselyte, John Brown, Esq; commander.

Inventories to be had of Mess. Bell and Rannie merchants in Leith, or of James Hamilton broker.

A SALE OF MERCHANT-GOODS.

Greatly below prime cost.

JOHN MONRO, at his Ware-room, north side of the Lawn Market, Edinburgh, begs leave to inform the public, that he is now selling off his whole stock in trade, consisting of broad Cloths, yard-wide ditto, Duffels, Freezes, and Flannels; Hats of all kinds; Silk, Worsted, and Thread Stockings; a great variety of Printed Cottons, and Printed Linens; a neat assortment of Diapers, Dornicks, and Table-cloths, Norwich Crapes, Dorsetteens, and a variety of Worsted Stuffs and Checks; with many other articles too tedious to mention.

As the said John Monro means to retire from business at the term of Whitsunday next, and wishes to have his whole stock of goods sold before that time, the Public may depend upon his being disposed to give great pennyworths.

N. B. His best Superfine Cloths will be sold for 14 s. per yard, and his other goods proportionably low. His ware-room to LET. The entry to be at Whitsunday next.

To be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the Exchange Coffee-house in Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 8th May next, betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon,

THE House and Lands of POWDER-HALL,

lately belonging to Mr Daniel Seton, merchant in Edinburgh, deceased, lying within the barony of Broughton, parish of St Cuthbert's, and shire of Edinburgh.

The Lands are pleasantly situated upon the banks of the Water of Leith, containing about sixteen Scots acres, of a very rich soil, all completely inclosed and divided into several different fields, surrounded with very thriving and beautiful strips of planting. The pleasure-ground is laid out with great taste; and the garden and wall surrounding the pleasure-ground are well stocked with fruit-trees of many different kinds, which produce remarkably well.

The House stands upon the Bonnington road to Leith, within twenty-five minutes walk of the Cross of Edinburgh, and consists of a kitchen and eleven fire-rooms, besides five bed-rooms, and two large light closets in the garret story. The dining-room in the second story is about 26 feet by 17; and the parlour in the first story is about 16 by 14. There are also two cellars, one of them with catacombs, and a complete set of offices, containing stable for six horses, coach-house, cart-house, byre for four cows, milk-house, wash-house, and large laundry, with two servants rooms, and several other conveniencies. At the offices is a pump-well, plentifully supplied; and, at the head of the entry from the Bonnington road, there is good gardener's house of two apartments.

AS ALSO the House called Beaverhall, built upon the said lands, consisting of five rooms and a bed-closet, with a fire place, besides kitchen, back kitchen, laundry, pantry, and two garrets. Contiguous to the house is a large building, with a number of apartments, formerly made use of as a manufactory, which may be easily converted into offices.

The said lands hold of the Governors of Heriot's Hospital, for payment of an yearly feu-duty of about forty-eight bolls barley bear.

AS ALSO the following SUBJECTS in the Exchange, lately belonging to the said Daniel Seton, viz.

That Shop, to the west of the entry to the Custom-house, lately possessed by Walter Seton and Company, with the intersole above the same. The shop is a very capital one, with a counting room and large parlour on the same flat; and the intersole above contains a large bed-room and bed-closet, with a fire place, and three bed-closets without fire places.

That House immediately below said shop, entering by the stair in the north-west corner of the Exchange, presently possessed by Mr Walker vintner, consisting of a large dining room and drawing-room, and four bed-rooms, with an excellent kitchen, and two cellars, one with catacombs, and a water-pipe in the house. There is an inside communication betwixt this house and the shop, presently shut up, but which may be easily opened.

The House at Powderhall may be seen on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, betwixt eleven and two o'clock.

The other subjects may be seen at any time. William Knox gardener at Powderhall will show the grounds.

The title-deeds of the whole of the above subjects, which are clear, with a plan of the grounds at Powderhall, and the articles of roup, may be seen in the hands of Andrew Hamilton clerk to the signet.

For further particulars apply to David Russell accountant in Edinburgh, who will treat with such as incline to make a purchase by private bargain, before the day of roup.

TO be SOLD by public roup, within the house of James Alexander, inn-keeper in Bannockburn, on Wednesday the 8th day of May next, between the hours of eleven forenoon and one afternoon, either together or seperately, as purchasers shall incline, the entry to the houses to be at Whitsunday, and to the lands at Martinmas first,

The Lands in the Barony of BANNOCKBURN,

now called MURRAYFIELD, with the Houses and Yards in Quakerfield, which belonged to the deceased James Murray, all inclosed and subdivided with sufficient stone dykes, and set off in parks to different people without tacks.

The new Dwelling-house, Malt Barn, Kiln, and Coble, lately built and occupied by the said deceased James Murray, with the Yeard and Office-houses thereto belonging. Also, that portion or pendicle of land of the Lands of Skiock, extending to parts of an acre, or thereby, and Houses and Yeards thereon, some time possessed by Thomas Walker and James Muirhead; and that other little piece of Land and House-Stead some time occupied by John Smith, now converted into a House, Malt Barn, and Kiln, and Yeard adjacent to the other piece of ground and houses; and also the westmost half of the mailing of land called Newlands, with the northmost Barn and eastmost House and Yeard thereon, and Ridge belonging thereto, as some time possessed by James Walker; all lying in the barony of Bannockburn, parish of St Ninians, and shire of Stirling.

The Tack of the Farm of Waulkerhill and Blackfield-Myre, for 44 years yet to run of said tack; the rent payable to the proprietor is 22, 10 l. and half of the land-tax. Also the Tack of a piece of Ground in Bannockburn, with the Houses built thereon by the said deceased James Murray, for 99 years after Martinmas 1760.

For further particulars application may be made to Mess. Sands and Nasmith, at their writing chamber, Bailie Fyfe's close, Edinburgh; or James Wright, writer in Stirling.

TO be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 17th day of July next, betwixt the hours of 5 and 6 o'clock afternoon,

The Lands and Estate of Over and Nether TORRS of KELTON,

lying in the parish Kelton and stewartry of Kirkcudbright. The yearly rent whereof is 150 l. 10 s. Also Two PARKS of Caswayend, lying in the said parish, and stewarty foresaid, the rent whereof 35 l. 5 s. Also, The Six-merk Land of CORRA, lying in the parish of Buitle and stewartry foresaid, the present rent whereof 80 l. Sterling.

In case no purchaser offers for the whole lands, they will be exposed to sale in the following Lots:

I. The Lands of Over and Nether TORRS, as presently possessed by William Hastie, John Macfarlane, and John Macwhan.

II. The Lands of CORRA, as presently possessed by Edward Kirkpatrick.

III. The Two PARKS of Caswayend, as presently possessed by William Parker and others.

The whole Lands are of an excellent soil, contain plenty of marle, are within sixteen measured miles of Dumfries, and ten from Kirkcudbright, stretching alongst the high-way betwixt Carlingwork and Dumfries. The tenants in the respective farms will show the lands.

For further information apply to the proprietor himself, or John M'Ewan writer in Edinburgh, with whom the progress of writs and articles, and conditions of roup may be seen, and who will inform as to other particulars.

DUNMORE COLLIERY, formerly *Elphinstone*.

TO be SOLD, at Dunmore Harbour, by Robert and Thomas Fish, tacksmen of Dunmore Coalliery,

The NEW MAIN COAL of that Coalliery, which is well known to be of an excellent quality, and will be delivered at Dunmore Harbour, at the rate of Seven Shillings and Six-pence for the Alloa Chalder of great coal. The access to the harbour is easy and commodious, with a great depth of water.

Merchants and shipmasters, who are pleased to favour the tacksmen with their orders, may depend upon the best usage, and the quickest dispatch.

SALE of a HOUSE and GRASS PARKS in the neighbourhood of Edinburgh.

TO be SOLD by public roup on Wednesday the first day of May next, between the hours of five and six afternoon, within the British coffeehouse, Edinburgh,

The Two Grass Parks or Inclosures of the Lands of ST LEONARDS, consisting of 27 acres or thereby, with the teinds thereof, lying on the east side of the road to Dalkeith, at the Gibbet Toll-Bar, and within a mile of the town of Edinburgh. Also, a genteel commodious HOUSE of three floors, lately built on the south part of one of the said parks, in a small inclosure of about an acre of ground, partly laid out as a garden, having a well of good water, and other conveniencies without doors.

The above parks are in fine old grass, and have not been in tillage for upwards of 40 years. They are presently under lease for seven years after Candlemas last, at a rent of 140 l. Sterling, besides 2 l. 5 s. 5 d. 6-12ths of feu-duty, payable for two small feus.

The deduction for feu-duty, minister's stipend, and school salary, amounts to 2 l. 1 s. 3 d. 4-12ths. The situation of the grounds and house is beautiful with fine views. The rent may be greatly improved, by granting feus for building along the side of the turnpike road, as well as on both sides of the new road lately made from the turnpike road to the King's Park.

For the encouragement of purchasers, the whole subjects will be put up at 3950 l.; and, if purchasers incline, the house will be sold separately, to be holden of the purchaser of the parks, for payment of a feu-duty of 40 s. and doubling the same at the entry of an heir, or singular successor, and will be entered at 750 l. Sterling; and the two parks, with the said feu-duties before mentioned, and the seats in the West Church belonging to the subjects, will be set up at 3200 l. which is less than 23 years purchase.

The house will be shown every lawful day, by James Bishop tacksman of the parks, who keeps the keys; and the purchaser may enter into possession of it, with the gardens, immediately after the roup.

For further particulars apply to Mr David Russel accomptant in Edinburgh, or to Colquhoun Grant writer to the signet, who will show the title-deeds, which are clear, and the articles of sale; and to either of whom application may be made for a private bargain any day before the day of roup.

TO be SOLD by public voluntary roup within the Exchange coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 10th July next, 1782, between the hours of five and six in the afternoon,

A Lease of the whole Estate of BALQUHAIN,

comprehending the lands of Fetterneir, Anquhortles, Knockinbaird, Largie, and Myreton, lying in the parishes of Inverury and Inch, and Chappel of Garioch, and county of Aberdeen, granted by the late Peter Leslie-Grant of Balquhain, Esq; to Mr David Orme writer in Edinburgh; of which lease there are 64 years to run after crop 1781. The lands contained in said lease consist of 6651 acres, Scots measure, of which 3199 acres are arable. The present surplus rent payable by the sub-tenants, is about 1671 l. 17 s. 11 d. Sterling; and as the estate is at present low rented, and grassums, to a pretty large extent, were got from the sub-tenants, a considerable rise of rent may be depended on at the expiry of the subtacks, many of which will be at an end in a few years.

The estate is capable of great improvements, particularly by water, of which many parts of it have the command; and is well supplied wtihmoss.

the lease, with a calculation of the value of it, a rental of the estate, the articles of roup, and an inventory of the sub-tacks, are in the hands of George Andrew writer in Edinburgh; and copies of these writings, along with the sub-tacks, are lodged with Harry Lumsden advocate in Aberdeen; to either of whom, or to Mr William Keith accomptant in Edinburgh, those intending to become purchasers, and who are desirous of further information, may apply.

Mr Orme's creditors are requested, on or before the first of July next, to lodge their several grounds of debt, and oaths of verity thereon, with Mr Keith the trustee, or with Mr Lumsden the factor, or Mr Andrew the agent for the creditors, in order to pave the way for a distribution of the proceeds of Mr Orme's whole estate, which the trustee proposes to make as expeditiously as possible.

SALE OF THE

ESTATES OF JOHN LUMSDEN OF CUSHNY.

ON Thursday the 30th day of May 1782, betwixt the hours of three and four afternoon, there will be exposed to Sale by public roup, within the house of Joseph Mitchel vintner in Aberdeen,

The following Lands and Estates, belonging

to John Lumsden of Cushny, and disponed by him to George Moir of Scotstown, Dr William Thom advocate in Aberdeen, and Alexander Leith of Freefield, in trust for the behoof of his creditors, in manner following:

In LOT I. the LANDS and BARONY of CUSHNY, comprehending the particular towns, lands, and others contained in the title-deeds of the same, with the right of patronage of the parish-kirk of Cushny, all lying in the parish of Cushny and county of Aberdeen; the free rent of which, after deducting minister's stipend, cess, and all other public burdens, is 239l. 13s. 11-12ths Sterling of money, 76 bolls 3 firlots and 1-3d peck of meal at nine stones, 5 bolls 2 firlots 2½ pecks of bear, besides a good many customs, services, and carriages, not rentalled. And for the better accommodation of the foresaid estate, there will be annexed thereto, and sold therewith, twenty acres of the Low Moss of Clova, which is at no great distance therefrom. These lands entitle the proprietor to a vote as a freeholder in the county of Aberdeen.

The mansion-house of Cushny is very commodious, and a considerable part of the ground adjacent is under no lease. This estate is of very great extent, of good soil, and capable of much improvement. The glen of Cushny affords a great deal of fine pasture and good firing. Such of the tacks as subsist expire in a few years.

In LOT II. the LANDS and ESTATE of CLOVA, comprehending the particular towns, lands, and others contained in the title-deeds of the same, all lying within the parishes of Kildrummie, Auchindore, and Kearn, and sheriffdom of Aberdeen, excepting twenty acres of the Low Moss of Clova, to be sold with the Cushny estate as above, and the same to be marked and marched before the roup. The part of these lands lying in the parish of Kearn holds of the Crown, and the rest hold feu of Lord Fife. The free rent of this estate, after deducting feu, ministers stipends, and cess (the last being payable by the tenants), is 318l. 19s. 6d. 2-12ths Sterling, besides a great many customs and services not mentioned. Upon this estate there is a fine large modern house, with proper office-houses and gardens. The farm round the house, just now in Mr Lumsden's possession, is extensive, inclosed, improved, and laid out with taste, and conform to a regular plan. This estate is very extensive, the soil excellent, and capable of much improvement, as there is a good lime-stone quarry on the lands, with a great deal of fine moss, and the whole of the lands has the command of water. There is a good deal of planting near the house, and a great stretch of hills, very proper for planting or being improved.

If the above estates are not sold in two parts as above, they will be subdivided in smaller lots, and afterwards advertised.

The progress of writs, with copies of the rentals, plan of the Mains of Clova, and conditions of sale, will be shown by Hary Lumsden advocate in Aberdeen, to whom, or any of the said trustees, those intending to purchase may apply.

N. B. Those wanting to see the lands may apply at the house of Cushny or Clova.

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